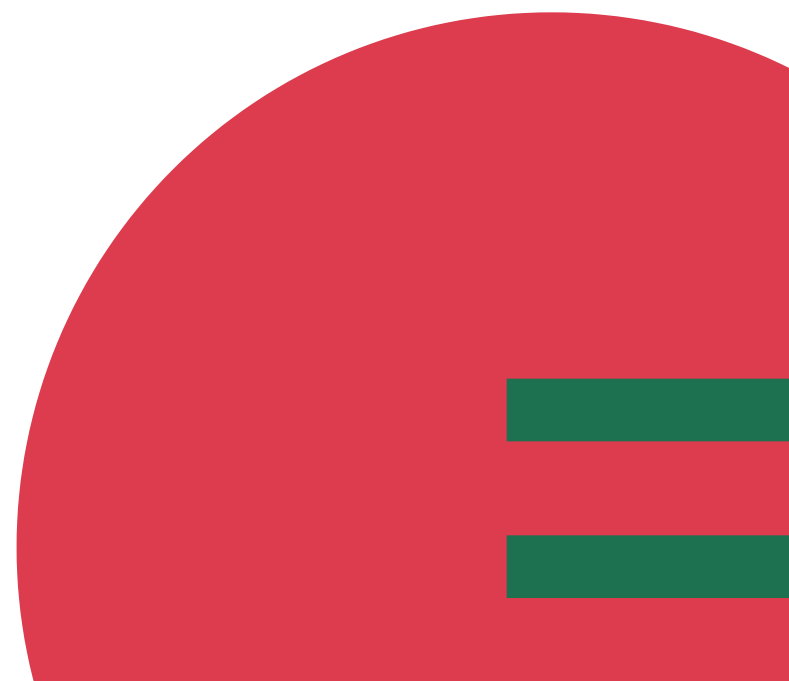


# 2023 UQ Rotary Peace Fellows Annual Seminar

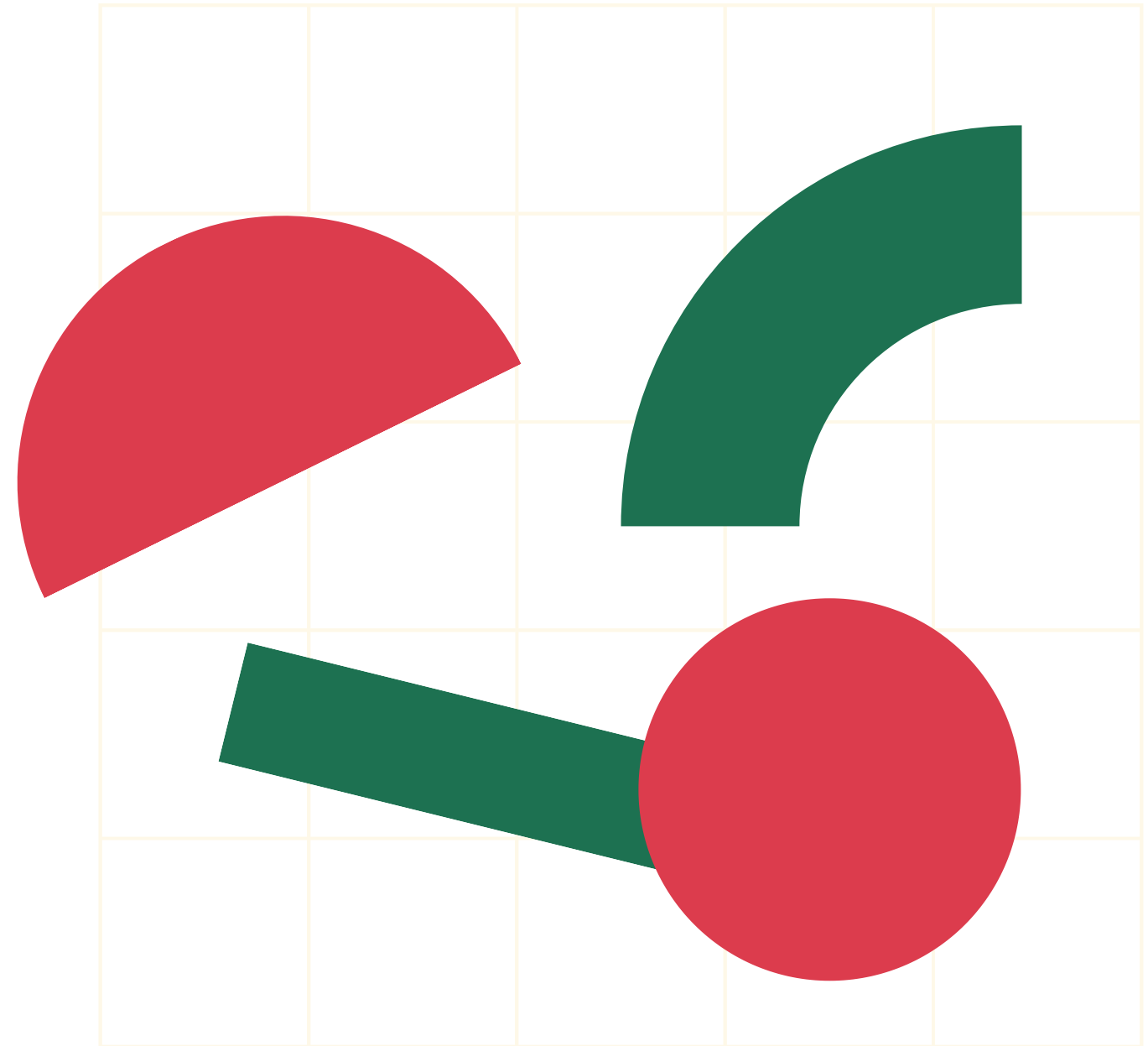
Online Breakout Room



# Welcome!

Today's Agenda:

- **Introductions**
- **KNOW:** Defining Peace & Conflict
- **KNOW:** Positive Peace vs. Negative Peace
- **DO:** Activities that use words, songs, images, and examples
- **BE:** Discussion about incorporating peace in everyday life
- **Wrap Up**



# Your Facilitators

Emily Andre & Ana Prada Paez

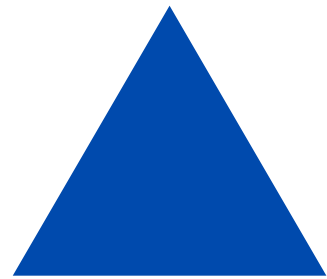


Emily Andre - Class 19 - United States

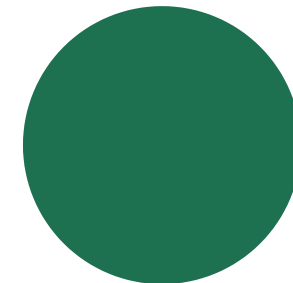


Ana Prada Paez - Class 19 - Colombia

# Who Are You?



Your Name



Your Location



The Last Meal You Ate

# Know

Learn what conflict, negative peace & positive peace are according to peace studies theory.

# What is Conflict?

## Concept and Definition

Conflict is a term to describe a process or state between two or more individuals or groups of people who perceive that their values or needs are incompatible at some point in time. Underlying conflict is thought to manifest in 'problems' and 'disputes'.


## Where does conflict come from?

- Needs not being met
- Culture
- Substance abuse
- Means of survival
- Inherited predisposition

## Conflict is a normal and a natural part of life!

*"When difference becomes an issue, conflict results."*  
Stephen Littlejohn in  
*Malone 2007*

*"Conflict is natural - neither negative nor positive - it just is."* Thomas  
Crum



<b>DATA</b>	<b>INTEREST</b>	<b>STRUCTURAL</b>	<b>VALUE</b>	<b>RELATIONSHIP</b>
Lack of data	Perceived or actual competitive over...	Destructive patterns of behavior or interaction	Different criteria for evaluating ideas of behavior	Strong emotions
Misinformation	Substantive interests	Unequal control, ownership or distribution of resources	Exclusive intrinsically valuable goals	Misperceptions or stereotypes
Different views on what is relevant	Procedural interests	Geographical, physical, or environmental factors that hinder cooperation	Different ways of life, ideology, and religion	Poor communication or miscommunication
Different interpretations of data	Psychological interests	Time constraints		Repetitive negative behavior
Different assessment procedures				

(Christopher Moore, The Mediation Process, 2nd Ed 1986)







# What is Peace?



**Conflict resolution** is the process of attempting to resolve a dispute or a conflict. It is a multi-disciplinary, analytical, problem-solving approach to conflict that seeks to enable the participants to work collaboratively towards its resolution. Prominent peace scholars and practitioners have referred to it as: the "absence of violence" (Galtung 1964); the "...**presence of some positive force—justice, goodwill and brotherhood**" (King 1957); and "**achieved only when societal conditions provide for the prevention of war**" (Wallensteen 2015 cited in Bellamy 2019: 17). Further, in an increasingly securitized world, peace is attained by **increasing sameness and decreasing difference** (Hettne 2010: 37).

...Who knew the idea of "peace" could be so complicated?!

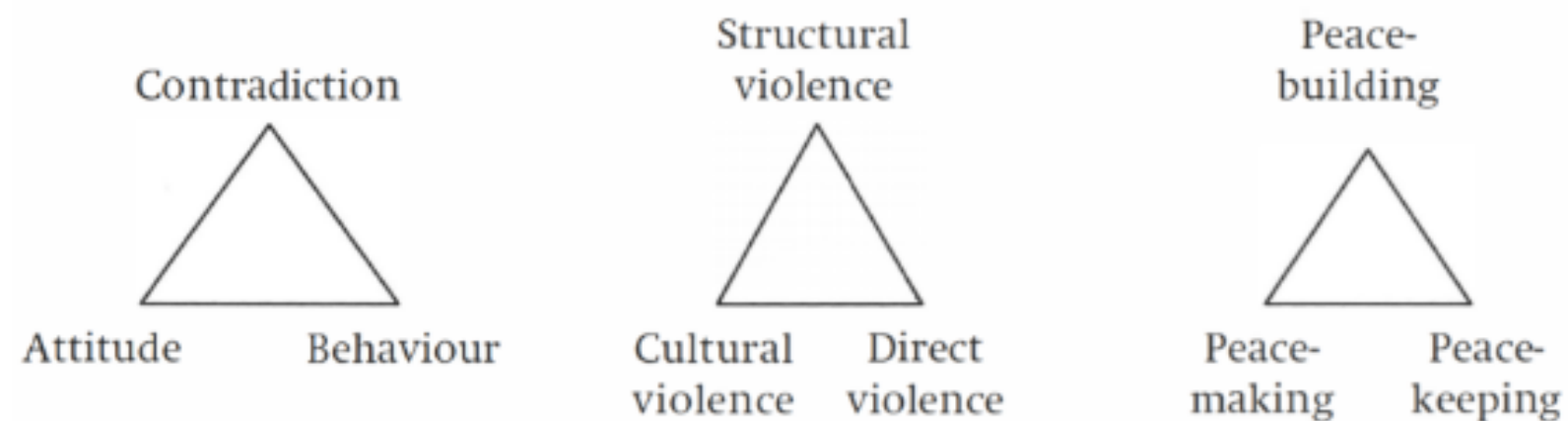


# Negative peace & Positive peace

Structural, cultural transformation for a sustainable peace.

Reconciliation.

Peace culture.



Galtung's model of conflict, violence and peace.

Dimensions:

- Economic differentiation.
- Social change.
- Cultural formation.
- Psychological development.
- Political organization.



Institute for Economics and Peace positive peace definition.

# Positive peace

## Systems thinking

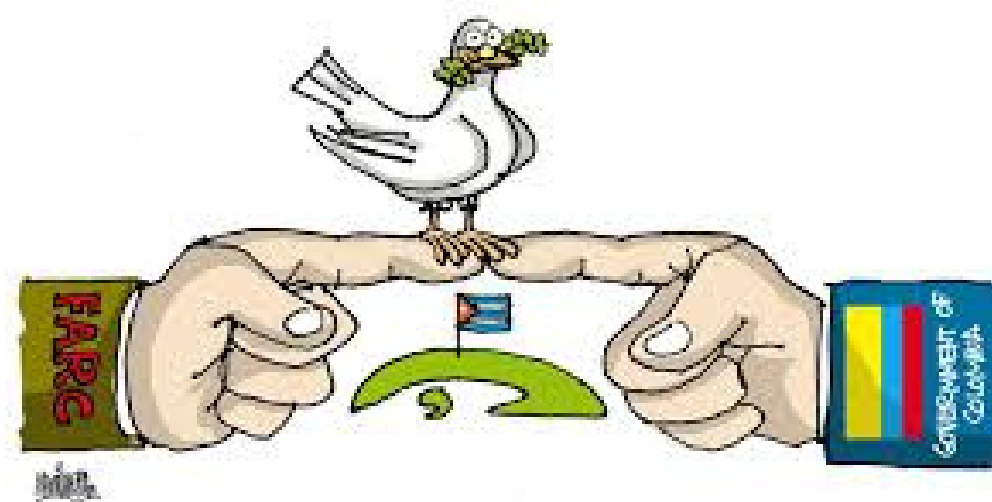
### Negative peace:

- Absence of violence.
- Pessimistic.
- Curative.
- Peace not always by peaceful means

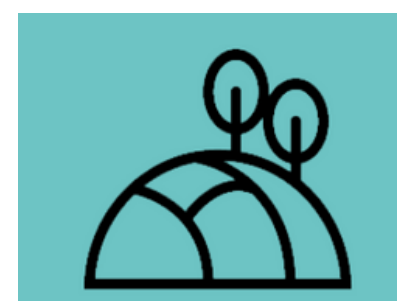


### Dimensions:

- Economic differentiation,
- Social change,
- Cultural formation,
- Psychological development,
- Political organization



Example of positive peace. Colombian peace agreement 2016.



Comprehensive rural development



Political participation



Drug problem solution



Truth, justice, reparation



End of conflict



Implementation, verification, plebiscite

# Positive peace

Systems thinking



Institute for Economics and Peace  
Positive peace pillars.

**Is this all making  
sense so far?**

Does anyone have any questions?

# Do

Activities to cement our  
knowledge of conflict, negative  
peace & positive peace.



# How would you define conflict?

<https://www.menti.com/al6fn9523f7m>





# What song reminds you of positive peace?

Write the song title and name of artist on a sticky note.



# Breakout Rooms

Everyone will be assigned one of the 8 pillars of positive peace and sent to breakout rooms to discuss the following:

1. What is an example of your peace pillar in action?
2. Insert an image (or multiple images) that you associate with this pillar.

# Positive Peace Pillars

Feel free to make this an open discussion for questions or clarifications before we proceed to breakout rooms.



# **Well Functioning Government**

# **Equitable Distribution of Resources**

# **Free Flow of Information**

# **Good Relations with Neighbors**

# High Levels of Human Capital



# **Acceptance of the Rights of Others**

# Low Levels of Corruption

# **Sound Business Environment**

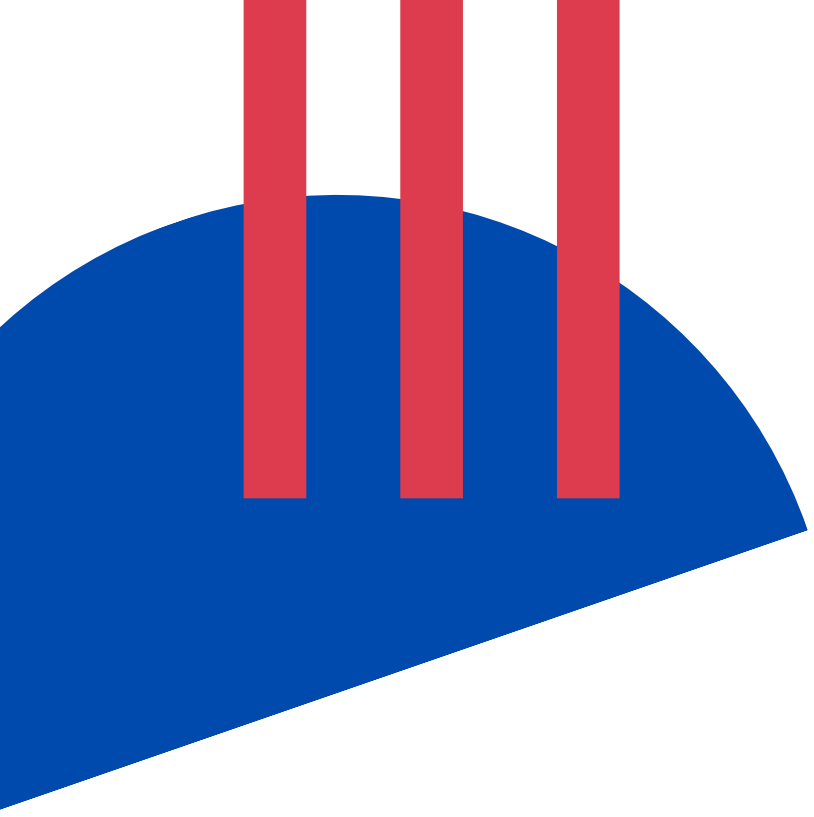


**Be**

Becoming peace practitioners.

**What could you do in your  
everyday life to work  
towards positive peace?**

**How will you use what  
you learned today in your  
daily life?**



**Thank you!**

